FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System Years Ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 With Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

Years Ended April 30, 2009 and 2008

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Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

The Board of Commissioners South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and the pension trust fund of the South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System (the System), as of and for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of the Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital Foundation, Inc. and the Memorial Foundation, Inc. (collectively, the Foundations), discretely presented component units of the System, which represent 100% of the assets and public support and revenues, of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements as of and for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundations, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Foundations as of and for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the System's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and the pension trust fund of the System as of April 30, 2009 and 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with US generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2009, on our consideration of South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the required pension disclosure supplementary information on pages 62 through 64 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP Miami, Florida June 15, 2009 S. DAVIS & ASSOCIATES, P.A. Hollywood, Florida June 15, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2009

Required Financial Statements

The South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System (the System), operates Memorial Regional Hospital and the Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital at Memorial Regional Hospital, both located in Hollywood, Florida; Memorial Regional Hospital South located in Hollywood, Florida, approximately one mile south of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital Pembroke, located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately six miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital West, located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately ten miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital; and Memorial Hospital Miramar, located in Miramar, Florida, approximately 15 miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital. The System also operates the Urgent Care Center and Memorial Manor Nursing Home, both located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately eight miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital. Other components of the Memorial Healthcare System include the Memorial Outpatient Center -Hallandale, located in Hallandale, Florida, approximately five miles east of Memorial Regional Hospital; the Memorial Home Health Services; multiple primary care and school health centers located throughout south Broward County; the Memorial Regional Cancer Institute, located on the campus of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital West Cancer Institute, located on the campus of Memorial Hospital West; and the Memorial Adult Day Care Center, which provides activities, meals, and select health-related services for its elderly participants, located within the Memorial Outpatient Center - Hallandale. At April 30, 2009, the System operates a total of 1,797 licensed hospital beds and 120 licensed nursing home beds.

The Memorial Hospital Pembroke facility is leased from Hospital Realty, LLC. The initial tenyear lease of the facility expired June 30, 2005. The System entered into a second ten-year term beginning July 1, 2005, which was extended to 2025 in May 2007.

The System utilizes three different funds to account for its activities: an enterprise fund, which combines the activities of the operating fund of the System; a fiduciary fund, which reports information about the net assets and changes in net assets of two foundations, which support the operations of the System; and a pension trust fund, which reports information about the net assets and changes in net assets of the System's employees' pension plan.

Complete financial statements for the two foundations which comprise the fiduciary fund can be obtained from the Memorial Foundation, Inc. and Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital Foundation, Inc. at 3501 Johnson Street, Hollywood, Florida 33021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Required Financial Statements (continued)

The pension trust fund does not issue separate financial statements.

The financial statements of the System's enterprise fund report information about the System's business-type activities using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about its activities. The Balance Sheets include all of the System's assets and liabilities and provide information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the System's creditors (liabilities). The assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format, which distinguishes between current and long-term assets and liabilities. These statements also provide the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the System, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the System.

All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. These statements communicate the performance of the System's operations over the past two years.

The final required statements are the Statements of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of these statements is to provide information about the System's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting periods. These statements report cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operating, investing, noncapital financing, and capital and related financing activities.

Summary of Financial Information

The financial statements consist of two parts: a) management's discussion and analysis and b) the audited financial statements. The audited financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements. The financial statements are intended to describe the results of operations, the changes in the net assets, the sources, and uses of cash and cash equivalents and the capital structure of the System. The following selected financial data as of April 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, and for the three years then ended, for the System's enterprise fund are derived from the audited financial statements of the System. The data should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, related notes, and other financial information contained herein.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Summary of Financial Information (continued)

As of and for the Years Ended April 30, 2009 and 2008

Condensed Balance Sheets – System (in thousands of dollars)

	Apri	1 30	Dollar Increase/	Percentage Increase/
	2009	2008	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments Patient accounts receivable, net	\$ 664,829 131,816	\$ 618,626 130,382	\$ 46,203 1.434	7.5% 1.1%
Total current assets Capital assets, net	838,894 722,985	791,953 672,578	46,941 50,407	5.9% 7.5%
Total assets	1,733,909	1,626,566	107,343	6.6%
Total current liabilities Long-term debt, net of current portion	192,976 408,525	205,499 415,028	(12,523) (6,503)	(6.1)% (1.6)%
Total liabilities Unrestricted net assets	722,905 665,178	738,113 592,245	(15,208) 72,933	(2.1)% 12.3%
Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt	287,995	242,103	45,892	19.0%
Restricted net assets	57,831	54,105	3,726	6.9%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Summary of Financial Information (continued)

$Summary\ of\ Revenue\ and\ Expenses\ and\ Changes\ in\ Net\ Assets-System\ (in\ thousands\ of\ dollars)$

	Years End	ed April 30 2008	Dollar Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Revenue:			,	
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,242,519	\$ 1,153,148	\$ 89,371	7.8%
Other revenue	53,282	62,268	(8,986)	(14.4)%
Total revenue	1,295,801	1,215,416	80,385	6.6%
Expenses:				
Salaries and wages	599,946	572,128	27,818	4.9%
Employee benefits	121,262	114,636	6,626	5.8%
Professional fees	27,500	25,334	2,166	8.5%
Supplies	228,606	224,605	4,001	1.8%
Purchased services	78,310	78,481	(171)	(0.2)%
Facilities	68,046	65,784	2,262	3.4%
Depreciation and amortization	73,631	65,837	7,794	11.8%
Interest	18,479	17,435	1,044	6.0%
Other	49,759	56,163	(6,404)	(11.4)%
Total expenses	1,265,539	1,220,403	45,136	3.7%
Income (loss) from operations	30,262	(4,987)	35,249	(706.8)%
Nonoperating gains, net (including depreciation of \$3,055 and \$3,250	00.535	05.551	(5.016)	(5.0) 94
in 2009 and 2008, respectively)	90,535	95,551	(5,016)	(5.2)%
Excess of revenue and net nonoperating gains over expenses	120,797	90,564	30,233	33.4%
Contributions and grants	1,754	1,358	396	29.2%
Increase in net assets	122,551	91,922	30,629	33.3%
Net assets at the beginning of the year	888,453	796,531	91,922	11.5%
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 1,011,004	\$ 888,453	\$ 122,551	13.8%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance

The general economic conditions nationally, within Florida and Broward County witnessed in fiscal year 2008 continued to decline in 2009. As a result, the System experienced higher levels of uncompensated care due to an increase in the number of uninsured and underinsured patients. Also, the negative demographic trends witnessed last year of lower Broward County residents and lower seasonal visitors to the area also continued into 2009. These factors not only negatively affected inpatient volumes, but also impacted property tax revenues. Total uncompensated care for fiscal year 2009 increased 18% over the prior year while property tax revenue decreased 4.7% over the same period. As a result of the challenging economic conditions plus the deterioration in operating performance in the prior year, the System implemented comprehensive volume/revenue growth and cost management strategies to combat these trends. These strategies are already producing positive results and are responsible for the System's improved operating results in fiscal year 2009. System-wide cost savings strategies implemented last year helped keep expense growth under control: net operating revenues grew 6.6% while expenses only increased by 3.7%. In order to enable growth opportunities at Memorial Regional Hospital, Memorial Regional Hospital South was added to the System in fiscal year 2007. While still ramping up volumes, it nonetheless was able to decrease the loss from operations by approximately \$4.5 million. In fact, all hospitals within the system were able to post improved operating results year over year. The System also experienced an increase in cardiovascular surgical cases, the result of a full year of activity from the full compliment of qualified cardiovascular surgeons that were hired in the third quarter of fiscal year 2008.

Total revenues and nonoperating gains of the System rose from \$1.311 billion to \$1.386 billion for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Total expenses rose from \$1.220 billion to \$1.266 billion for the same periods. The corresponding excess of revenues and net nonoperating gains over expenses increased from \$90.6 million to \$120.8 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively, resulting in a net margin of 7.5% and 9.3% for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Income available for debt service was \$168.7 million to \$209.1 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively.

On May 27, 2008, the Series 2008 Hospital Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$156,575,000 to pay (1) prior to maturity, the principal of and accrued interest on the Bank of America Loan Agreement, and (2) certain costs of issuance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

The investment policy of the System is congruent with Section 218.415 of the Florida Statutes, which is designed to ensure the prudent management of financial assets. Other than for certain investments of the pension trust fund, the System does not invest in equity securities. Cash, cash equivalents and investments, excluding assets whose use is limited, rose from \$618.6 million to \$664.8 million at April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Cash, cash equivalents and investments, including assets whose use is limited, rose from \$769.9 million to \$824.4 million at April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. The System continues to expand and improve its facilities. Additions to capital assets were \$114.0 million and \$127.6 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. The System is currently engaged in expansion programs at its facilities. The estimated cost to complete all construction programs in process at April 30, 2009 is \$50.7 million. The System anticipates financing these programs through a combination of currently available cash, cash equivalents and investments, and future cash flows from operations.

Admissions were 80,316 and 79,879 for the years ended April 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Outpatient visits for the same fiscal periods were 717,356 for the year ended April 30, 2008 and 750,671 for the year ended April 30, 2009. The slight decline in admissions is attributable to recent economic/demographic conditions and a continuing trend by certain payors to move certain patient encounters from an inpatient to an outpatient setting.

The System aggressively pursues qualification of indigent patients for available Medicaid and other reimbursement programs. The System has also established effective protocols that enable early identification of denials and short pays from managed care organizations. As a result, the denial rates for managed care claims as a percentage of managed care claims was 1.9% for both fiscal year 2008 and 2009.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

As of and for the Years Ended April 30, 2008 and 2007

Condensed Balance Sheets – System (in thousands of dollars)

	Apı	ril 30	Dollar Increase/	Percentage Increase/
	2008	2007	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 618,626	\$ 588,100	\$ 30,526	5.2%
Patient accounts receivable, net	130,382	115,706	14,676	12.7
Total current assets	791,953	744,506	47,447	6.4
	672,578	628,314	44.264	7.0
Capital assets, net Total assets	1,626,566	1,532,793	93,773	6.1
Total current liabilities Long-term debt, net of current portion	205,499	199,440	6,059	3.0
	415,028	424,327	(9,299)	(2.2)
Total liabilities Unrestricted net assets	738,113	736,262	1,851	0.3
	592,245	551,476	40,769	7.4
Net assets invested in capital	392,243	331,470	40,709	7.4
assets, net of related debt	242,103	193,020	49,083	25.4
Restricted net assets	54,105	52,035	2,070	4.0

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

Summary of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System (in thousands of dollars)

	Years End 2008	ed A	pril 30 2007	Iı	Dollar ncrease/ Jecrease)	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Revenue:						
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,153,148	\$	1,077,562	\$	75,586	7.0%
Other revenue	62,268		60,234		2,034	3.4
Total revenue	1,215,416		1,137,796		77,620	6.8
Expenses:						
Salaries and wages	572,128		516,575		55,553	10.8
Employee benefits	114,636		96,603		18,033	18.7
Professional fees	25,334		20,534		4,800	23.4
Supplies	224,605		205,999		18,606	9.0
Purchased services	78,481		67,946		10,535	15.5
Facilities	65,784		54,729		11,055	20.2
Depreciation and amortization	65,837		60,253		5,584	9.3
Interest	17,435		19,678		(2,243)	(11.4)
Other	56,163		49,888		6,275	12.6
Total expenses	1,220,403		1,092,205		128,198	11.7
(Loss) income from operations	(4,987)		45,591		(50,578)	(110.9)
Nonoperating gains, net (including depreciation of \$3,250 and \$3,367 and						
in 2008 and 2007, respectively)	95,551		84,836		10,715	12.6
Excess revenue and net nonoperating gains over expenses	90,564		130,427		(39,863)	(30.6)
Contributions and grants	1,358		1,856		(498)	(26.8)
Increase in net assets	91,922		132,283		(40,361)	(30.5)
Net assets at the beginning of the year	 796,531		664,248		132,283	19.9
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 888,453	\$	796,531	\$	91,922	11.5%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

The decline in operating performance in fiscal year 2008 is due to several factors. The System absorbed approximately \$19 million in losses from operations at Memorial Regional Hospital The System has developed comprehensive volume growth and cost management strategies to improve its performance. The System continues to believe that the added capacity that this campus provides is essential to enabling volume growth opportunities at Memorial Regional Hospital. The System experienced a decline in cardiovascular surgical cases as it pursued replacements to the former cardiovascular surgery group for purposes of enhancing the program. A full compliment of qualified cardiovascular surgeons was hired in the third quarter of fiscal year 2008. The general economic conditions nationally, within Florida and Broward County have contributed to the decline in operating performance. The winter seasonal resident population appeared to be lower than historical levels which resulted in fewer than expected hospital admissions. Broward County experienced a net decline in population as residents sought a lower cost of living. Finally, the System experienced higher levels of uncompensated care as a result of an increase in the number of uninsured and underinsured patients. In response to the decline in operating performance, the System has developed comprehensive volume/revenue growth and cost management strategies.

The System entered into a loan agreement dated as of March 1, 2008 with Bank of America, National Association and executed a promissory note as of March 24, 2008 to evidence debt incurred under the Bank of America Loan Agreement which debt was incurred for the purpose of refunding its (i) Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003C Bonds, (ii) Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2004B. These prior bonds were issued as auction rate securities all of which suffered failed auctions during the 2008 fiscal year. The intent of the loan agreement was to temporarily refund the bonds until more permanent financing could be completed. On May 27, 2008, the Series 2008 Hospital Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$156,575,000 to (1) pay prior to maturity the principal of and accrued interest on the Bank of America Loan Agreement, and (2) pay certain costs of issuance.

Total revenues and nonoperating gains of the System rose from \$1.223 billion to \$1.311 billion for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively. Total expenses rose from \$1.092 billion to \$1.220 billion for the same periods. The corresponding excess of revenues and net nonoperating gains over expenses decreased from \$130.4 million to \$90.6 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively, resulting in a net margin of 11.5% and 7.5% for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

The investment policy of the System is congruent with Section 218.415 of the Florida Statutes, which is designed to ensure the prudent management of financial assets. Other than for certain investments of the pension trust fund, the System does not invest in equity securities. Cash, cash equivalents and investments, excluding assets whose use is limited, rose from \$588.1 million to \$618.6 million at April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively. Cash, cash equivalents and investments, including assets whose use is limited, rose from \$732.7 million to \$769.9 million at April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively. The System continues to expand and improve its facilities. Additions to capital assets were \$130.4 million and \$114.0 million for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively.

Admissions were 76,785 and 80,316 for the years ended April 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively. Outpatient visits for the same fiscal periods were 678,852 for the year ended April 30, 2007 and 717,356 for the year ended April 30, 2008. Much of the growth in admissions is attributable to Memorial Regional South and Memorial Hospital Miramar.

The System aggressively pursues qualification of indigent patients for available Medicaid and other reimbursement programs. The System has also established effective protocols that enable early identification of denials and short pays from managed care organizations. As a result, the denial rates for managed care claims as a percentage of managed care claims was 1.6% and 1.9% in fiscal year 2007 and 2008, respectively.

Taxes and Uncompensated Care

The Board of Commissioners of the System is authorized to levy a tax annually upon real and personal taxable property located within the boundaries of the System at a millage rate not to exceed 2.5 mills. The taxes collected pursuant to this levy can be used for the purposes and needs of the System such as operations, debt service, and construction. Such ad valorem taxes cannot be pledged directly or indirectly to pay revenue bonds; however, there is no prohibition on the use of such taxes once collected. The System generally applies the proceeds of such taxes to partially offset the cost of indigent care.

The financial strength of the System minimizes the tax burden in south Broward County. In fiscal years 2009, 2008, and 2007, net tax revenues accounted for approximately 3.1%, 3.4%,

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Management's Discussion of Financial Performance (continued)

and 3.6%, respectively, of total net revenues and nonoperating gains. In September 2008, the System's Board of Commissioners voted to increase the tax millage rate to 1.1913 mills.

The System's financial strength enables the System to absorb the financial burden of providing an increasing level of uncompensated care. The financial strength also enables the System to develop and support state-of-the-art facilities.

Source of Patient Charges

A substantial amount of the gross charges of the System are provided to patients insured by third-party payors. The table below lists the approximate percentages of gross charges by payor for the fiscal years ended April 30.

	Percent	Percentage of Gross Charges						
	Yea	Years Ended April 30						
	2009	2009 2008						
	40.00	10.00	40.00					
Medicare	19.2%	19.2%	19.3%					
Medicaid	9.5	9.9	10.1					
Managed care	53.0	54.1	53.7					
Other	18.3	16.8	16.9					
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%					
Other	18.3	16.8	16.9					

Balance Sheets – System

	April 30			
	2009			2008
		(In Tho	usai	nds)
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,389	\$	100,959
Investments		598,440		517,667
Patient accounts receivable, net of estimated uncollectibles				
of \$290,456 and \$242,412 at April 30, 2009 and				
2008, respectively		131,816		130,382
Ad valorem taxes receivable		2,259		3,047
Inventories		23,002		20,047
Other current assets		16,988		19,851
Total current assets		838,894		791,953
Assets whose use is limited:				
By Board for capital improvements		86,975		83,441
By Board for employee disability		15,842		14,812
Under indenture agreement		19		17
Under self-insurance trust agreements		49,366		46,319
Externally restricted by donors		7,401		6,725
Total assets whose use is limited		159,603		151,314
Capital assets, net		722,985		672,578
Deferred charges, net		6,909		6,619
Other assets		5,518		4,102
Total assets	\$ 1	1,733,909	\$	1,626,566

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	April 30			
		2009		2008
	(In Thousands)			
Liabilities and net assets				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	105,349	\$	117,672
Accrued compensation and payroll taxes		63,086		63,647
Estimated third-party payor settlements		_		5,834
Current installments of long-term debt		6,748		4,959
Current portion of capital lease obligation		1,527		_
Current portion of estimated claims liability		7,744		6,835
Other current liabilities		8,522		6,552
Total current liabilities		192,976		205,499
Long-term portion of estimated claims liability		54,346		58,646
Other noncurrent liabilities		61,479		58,940
Long-term portion of capital lease obligation		5,579		_
Long-term debt		408,525		415,028
Total liabilities		722,905		738,113
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		287,995		242,103
Restricted:				
For debt service		19		17
By donors		8,446		7,769
Under self-insurance trust agreements		49,366		46,319
Unrestricted		665,178		592,245
Total net assets		1,011,004		888,453
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,733,909	\$	1,626,566

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System

	Years End	ed April 30 2008			
	(In Thousands)				
Revenue:					
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,242,519	\$ 1,153,148			
Other revenue	53,282	62,268			
Total revenue	1,295,801	1,215,416			
Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	599,946	572,128			
Employee benefits	121,262	114,636			
Professional fees	27,500	25,334			
Supplies	228,606	224,605			
Purchased services	78,310	78,481			
Facilities	68,046	65,784			
Depreciation and amortization	73,631	65,837			
Interest	18,479	17,435			
Other	49,759	56,163			
Total expenses	1,265,539	1,220,403			
Income (loss) from operations	30,262	(4,987)			
Nonoperating gains, net (including depreciation of					
\$3,055 in 2009 and \$3,250 in 2008)	90,535	95,551			
Excess of revenue and net nonoperating gains					
over expenses	120,797	90,564			
Contributions and grants	1,754	1,358			
Increase in net assets	122,551	91,922			
Net assets at the beginning of the year	888,453	796,531			
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 1,011,004	\$ 888,453			

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows – System

	Years Ended April 30 2009 2008			
	(In Thousands)			
Operating activities				
Receipts from third-party payors and patients	\$ 1,235,072	\$ 1,142,233		
Payments to vendors	(462,144)	(433,399)		
Other receipts	54,632	63,649		
Payments to employees	(677,326)	(653,548)		
Claims and self-insurance payments	(47,604)	(44,403)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	102,630	74,532		
Noncapital financing activities				
Contributions and grants	1,754	1,358		
Ad valorem tax receipts, net	43,662	43,425		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	45,416	44,783		
Capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net	(116,514)	(110,511)		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(159,164)	(157,445)		
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(833)	_		
Debt issuance cost	(1,456)	4,902		
Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	154,099	147,796		
Interest payments on long-term debt	(21,018)	(19,608)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(144,886)	(134,866)		
Investing activities				
Proceeds from sales, maturities, or repayment of investments	62,131	135,890		
Cost of investments acquired	(144,320)	(246,811)		
Investment income received	44,459	44,477		
Net cash used in investing activities	(37,730)	(66,444)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(34,570)	(81,995)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	100,959	182,954		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 66,389	\$ 100,959		

Continued on next page.

Statements of Cash Flows – System (continued)

	Years Ended April 30 2009 2008			
		(In Thou	ısan	(ds)
Reconciliation of excess of revenue and net nonoperating				
gains over expenses to net cash provided by				
operating activities				
Excess of revenue and net nonoperating gains over expenses	\$	120,797	\$	90,564
Adjustments to reconcile excess of revenue and				
net nonoperating gains over expenses to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization, including depreciation				
reported in nonoperating gains		76,686		69,087
Interest expense		18,479		17,435
Provision for doubtful accounts		299,009		277,041
Loss on disposal of capital assets		866		1,045
Ad valorem tax revenue and unrestricted investment				
income, net		(93,590)		(98,801)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Patient accounts receivable		(300,443)		(291,717)
Other current assets and inventories		(531)		319
Other assets		(1,416)		(2,098)
Deferred charges		_		1,031
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(11,772)		7,370
Accrued compensation and payroll taxes		(561)		(8,860)
Estimated third-party payor settlements		(6,013)		3,760
Other current liabilities		1,356		2,438
Other liabilities		2,539		4,898
Estimated claims liability		(2,776)		1,020
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	102,630	\$	74,532

See accompanying notes.

Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital Foundation, Inc.

Statements of Financial Position

	April 30			
		2009		2008
		(In Tho	usan	ds)
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	242	\$	127
Investments, at market value, cost \$26,338 in 2009				
and \$21,878 in 2008		20,297		21,102
Unconditional promises to give, net		14,013		11,573
Due from affiliated organization		_		2
Plant and equipment, at cost, net of \$48 in 2009				
and \$39 in 2008 accumulated depreciation		24		34
Other assets		54		50
Total assets	\$	34,630	\$	32,888
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	45	\$	109
Annuities payable		262		218
Due to Memorial Healthcare System		5,829		5,421
Total liabilities		6,136		5,748
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		(1,174)		4,509
Temporarily restricted		26,695		20,633
Permanently restricted		2,973		1,998
Total net assets		28,494		27,140
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	34,630	\$	32,888

See accompanying notes.

Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital Foundation, Inc.

Statements of Activities

For the Years Ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 (In Thousands)

	2009						2008						
			Temporarily P		Permanently				Temporarily		Permanently		
	Uni	estricted	Restricted		Restricted	Total	Unre	stricted	Res	stricted	Restri	cted	Total
Revenue and other support:													
Contributions	\$	1,434	\$ 6,22	9 \$	1,135 \$	8,798	\$	1,016	\$	8,687	\$	409	\$ 10,112
Special events		_	1,68	35	-	1,685		-		1,956		_	1,956
Other support		350		_	_	350		250		_		_	250
Interest and investment income		552		_	41	593		667		_		22	689
Realized (losses) gains													
on investment		(1,542)		_	_	(1,542)		956		_		_	956
Unrealized losses on investment		(5,068)		_	(201)	(5,269)		(2,040)				(35)	(2,075)
Net assets released from restrictions:													
Satisfaction of program restrictions		1,852	(1,85	(2)	_	_		2,425		(2,425)		_	_
Total revenue and other support		(2,422)	6,00	52	975	4,615		3,274		8,218		396	11,888
Expenses:													
Program services		1,330		_	_	1,330		1,484		_		_	1,484
Management and general		1,018		_	_	1,018		791		_		_	791
Fund raising		909		_	_	909		932		_		_	932
Total expenses		3,257		_	-	3,257		3,207		_			3,207
Changes in net assets		(5,679)	6,00	2	975	1,358		67		8,218		396	8,681
Net assets – beginning of year		4,509	20,63		1,998	27,140		4,442		12,415		1,602	18,459
Net assets – end of year	\$	(1,170)			2,973 \$	28,498	\$	4,509	\$	20,633	\$	_	\$ 27,140

See accompanying notes.

Memorial Foundation, Inc.

Statements of Financial Position

	April 30				
		2009		2008	
	(In Thousands)				
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90	\$	112	
Investments, at market value, cost \$5,871 in 2009					
and \$5,554 in 2008		4,492		5,435	
Unconditional promises to give, net		958		746	
Plant and equipment, at cost, net of \$51 in 2009					
and \$49 in 2008 accumulated depreciation		14		19	
Other assets		21		27	
Total assets	\$	5,575	\$	6,339	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	48	\$	90	
Annuities payable		22		2	
Due to affiliated organization		_		2	
Due to Memorial Healthcare System		342		390	
Total liabilities		412		484	
Net assets:					
Unrestricted		(1,051)		681	
Temporarily restricted		5,820		4,802	
Permanently restricted		394		372	
Total net assets		5,163		5,855	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	5,575	\$	6,339	

See accompanying notes.

Memorial Foundation, Inc.

Statements of Activities

For the Years Ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 (In Thousands)

	2009						2008									
	Unrestricted		Temporarily nrestricted Restricted		Permanently Restricted		1	Total	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted		Total	
Revenue and other support:																
Contributions	\$	127	\$	1,925	\$	22	\$	2,074	\$	164	\$	1,199	\$	26	\$ 1,389	
Other support		350		-		-		350		250		-		_	250	
Interest and investment income		114		-		17		131		171		-		13	184	
Realized (losses) gains																
on investment		(271)		-		-		(271)		274		-		_	274	
Unrealized loss on investments		(1,260)		_		_		(1,260)		(565)					(565)	
Net assets released from restrictions:																
Satisfaction of program restrictions		924		(907)		(17)		_		536		(523)		(13)	_	
Total revenue and other support		(16)		1,018		22		1,024		830		676		26	1,532	
Expenses:																
Program services		896		_		_		896		556		_		_	556	
Management and general		497		_		_		497		369		_		_	369	
Fund raising		320		_		_		320		300		_		_	300	
Total expenses		1,713		_				1,713		1,225		_		_	1,225	
Changes in net assets		(1,729)		1,018		22		(689)		(395)		676		26	307	
Net assets – beginning of year		681		4,802		372		5,855		1,076		4,126		346	5,548	
Net assets – end of year	\$	(1,048)	\$	5,820	\$	394	\$	5,166	\$	681	\$	4,802	\$		\$ 5,855	

See accompanying notes.

Balance Sheets - Pension Trust Fund

	April 30				
	2009		2008		
	(In Tho	usai	nds)		
Assets					
Assets whose use is limited:					
Externally restricted under pension plan agreement	\$ 180,699	\$	219,073		
	\$ 180,699	\$	219,073		
Liabilities and restricted net assets					
Restricted net assets reserved for employees' pension benefits	\$ 180,699	\$	219,073		
	\$ 180,699	\$	219,073		

See accompanying notes.

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Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets – Pension Trust Fund

	Years Ended April 30					
	2009		2008			
	(In	(In Thousands)				
Net assets reserved for employees' pension benefits:						
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 219,0)73 \$	211,129			
Additions:						
Pension contributions	23,0	615	18,914			
Net realized and unrealized losses on						
pension trust fund investments	(55,	334)	(4,552)			
•	(31,	719)	14,362			
Deductions:						
Pension benefit payments	5,0	518	5,025			
Administrative expenses	1,0	037	1,393			
	6,0	555	6,418			
Net (decrease) increase in net assets reserved for						
employees' pension benefits	(38,	374)	7,944			
Balance at end of year	\$ 180,0	599 \$	219,073			

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Financial Statements

April 30, 2009

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare System (the System), operates Memorial Regional Hospital and the Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital at Memorial Regional Hospital, both located in Hollywood, Florida; Memorial Regional Hospital South located in Hollywood, Florida, approximately one mile south of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital Pembroke, located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately six miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital West, located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately ten miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital; and Memorial Hospital Miramar, located in Miramar, Florida, approximately fifteen miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital. The System also operates the Urgent Care Center and Memorial Manor Nursing Home, both located in Pembroke Pines, Florida, approximately eight miles west of Memorial Regional Hospital. Other components of the Memorial Healthcare System include the Memorial Outpatient Center - Hallandale, located in Hallandale, Florida, approximately five miles east of Memorial Regional Hospital; the Memorial Home Health Services; multiple primary care and school health centers located throughout south Broward County; the Memorial Regional Cancer Institute, located on the campus of Memorial Regional Hospital; Memorial Hospital West Cancer Institute, located on the campus of Memorial Hospital West; and the Memorial Adult Day Care Center, which provides activities, meals, and select health-related services for its elderly participants, located within the Memorial Outpatient Center - Hallandale. At April 30, 2008, the System operates a total of 1,797 licensed hospital beds and 120 licensed nursing home beds.

Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the System are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net assets, revenue, and expenses, as appropriate.

The System is accounted for in an enterprise fund which consists of unrestricted net assets, restricted net assets, and net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The enterprise fund is used to account for the System's ongoing activities. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the combination of these funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Memorial Foundation, Inc. and the Joe DiMaggio Children's Hospital Foundation, Inc. (the Foundations) are legally separate, tax-exempt component units of the System governed by separate independent boards of directors. The Foundations act primarily as fund-raising organizations to supplement the resources that are available to the System in support of its programs. The Foundations' boards are self-perpetuating and consist of community members. Although the System does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundations hold and invest are restricted to the activities of the System by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the System, the Foundations are considered component units of the System and are discretely presented in the System's financial statements.

During the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Foundations distributed approximately \$1,894,000 and \$2,936,000, respectively, to the System for both restricted and unrestricted purposes.

The pension trust fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for the assets held in trust by Wachovia Bank for the benefit of the employees of the System who participate in the Retirement Plan for Employees of the South Broward Hospital District (the Plan).

The financial statements of the pension trust fund use the full accrual basis of accounting whereby employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due, and benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Proprietary Fund Accounting

The System utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenue and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis.

Charity Care

The System provides care, without charge, to patients who meet certain financial criteria based upon the Federal Income Poverty Guidelines. Because the System does not pursue collection of amounts due from patients who meet the System's criteria for charity care, such amounts are not reported as revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The System considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, except those classified as assets whose use is limited or those included in the System's investment program, to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The System records its investments in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40 (GASB 40), Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, which amended GASB Statement No. 3, Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements) and Reverse Purchase Agreements.

All investments have been recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices in the financial statements.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of medical, surgical, and other supplies, are stated at the lower of cost (principally determined by the first-in, first-out method) or market.

Assets Whose Use is Limited

Assets whose use is limited includes assets set aside by the Board for future capital improvements and anticipated future payments under the System's employee disability policy, over which the Board retains control and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes. Assets whose use is limited also includes assets held by trustees under indenture agreements, and self-insurance trust arrangements, as well as restricted resources limited by donors to a specific period or purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, including improvements to existing facilities, are recorded at cost, except for donated items, which are recorded at fair value at the date of the contribution. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives for buildings and improvements range from 20 to 40 years and for equipment range from three to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the term of the respective lease or the life of the related asset. Routine maintenance and repairs which do not extend the life of the assets are charged to expense as incurred, and major renovations or improvements are capitalized. The System capitalizes all assets with an initial cost of \$1,000 or greater.

Costs of Borrowing

Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. Deferred financing costs are amortized over the period the obligation is outstanding using the effective interest method.

Income Taxes

The System is exempt from income tax as it is a political subdivision of the State of Florida.

Restricted Net Assets

Restricted net assets are those whose use by the System has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose or whose use has been limited under bond indenture or self-insurance trust fund arrangements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Gifts of cash and other assets are reported at fair value as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, restricted funds are transferred to unrestricted net assets. In cases in which the restrictions for such expenditures are met in the same period the resources are received, the receipts are recorded in unrestricted net assets. Transfers used for current operations are included in the Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System as a reduction of the related expense. The System first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System

For purposes of presentation, transactions determined to be ongoing, major, or central to the provision of health care services are reported as revenue and expenses. Peripheral, incidental or transactions not considered to be central to the provision of health care services are reported as nonoperating gains and losses.

Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at net realizable amounts due from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered.

Settlements with certain third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers

The System conforms to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 (Statement No. 27), *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*. Pursuant to Statement No. 27, certain employers that participate in defined benefit pension plans are required to measure and disclose an amount for annual pension cost on the accrual basis of accounting.

Accounting Standards

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the System has elected not to apply the provisions of pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989 unless specifically adopted in a GASB pronouncement.

The Foundations are private nonprofit organizations that report under FASB standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundations' financial information in the System's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Uncompensated Care

The System maintains records to identify and monitor the level of uncompensated care it provides. These records include the amount of charges forgone for services provided under the System's charity care policy, as well as a provision for uncollectible accounts included in the accompanying Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System. The following information measures the level of uncompensated care provided during the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands).

	2009	2008	_
Uncompensated care, based on established rates	\$ 724,639	\$ 614,035	
Percentage of uncompensated care patients to all patients served based upon total charges	13.8%	13.7%	

• • • •

For the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, uncompensated care includes \$425,630,000 and \$336,994,000, respectively, of charges forgone for services provided under the System's charity care policy.

3. Net Patient Service Revenue

The System has contractual agreements with third-party payors (Medicare, Medicaid, and large commercial insurance payors) that provide for prospective reimbursement at contractually established rates. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows.

Medicare and Medicaid

Most of the System's Medicare patients are covered under the Medicare Prospective Payment System, which establishes predetermined rates for diagnosis—related groups, resource utilization groups, home health resource groups, case mix groups, and inpatient psychiatric per deims. Reimbursement for certain services subject to special reimbursement formulas under the Medicare program is subject to audit and settlement by a Medicare Administrative Contractor. Such audits and final settlements have been completed for all years through 2007 for Memorial Hospital West and Memorial Hospital Pembroke, and through 2006 for Memorial Regional Hospital and Memorial Hospital Miramar. Medicare program beneficiaries accounted for approximately 19% of the System's gross charges in fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

3. Net Patient Service Revenue (continued)

Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a cost-based prospective payment formula. The System's Medicaid cost reports have been audited by the Medicaid Administrative Contractor through 2007 for Memorial Hospital West and Memorial Hospital Pembroke, and through 2006 for Memorial Regional Hospital and Memorial Hospital Miramar. Medicaid program beneficiaries accounted for approximately 10% of the System's gross charges in fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

As a result of the filing of the cost reports and the settlement of cost reports for prior years, the System increased reimbursement recorded in prior years by approximately \$7,035,000 and \$19,875,000 in 2008 and 2009, respectively.

Insurance and Other

The System has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payments to the System under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, allowances from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

The difference between customary charges and the contractually established rates, for the above programs, is accounted for as a contractual adjustment. The System's customary charges, charity care write-offs, provision for doubtful accounts and contractual adjustments for the years ended April 30 are as follows (in thousands):

	2009	2008
Gross patient charges	\$ 5,240,429	\$ 4,476,998
Charity care	(425,630)	(336,994)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(299,009)	(277,041)
Contractual adjustments	(3,273,271)	(2,709,815)
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,242,519	\$ 1,153,148

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund

The book value of the System's unrestricted bank accounts is \$26,391,000 and \$60,572,000 at April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The book value of the System's bank accounts restricted by donors, included in assets whose use is limited, is \$7,401,000 and \$6,725,000 and at April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These bank accounts are insured by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions, which comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as qualified public depositories by the State Treasurer.

Investments and Cash Equivalents

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, the System's investments, including those included in cash and cash equivalents, are as follows (in thousands):

Fair Value					
2009		2008			
\$ 39,998	\$	40,387			
598,440		517,667			
102,817		98,253			
 49,385		46,336			
\$ 790,640	\$	702,643			
\$ \$	2009 \$ 39,998 598,440 102,817 49,385	2009 \$ 39,998 \$ 598,440 102,817 49,385			

Interest Rate Risk

To the extent possible, the System attempts to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. The System's investment policy segments its investment portfolio into pools with identified asset allocation percentages that attempt to match its liquidity requirements. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other indenture-restricted funds have maturities set in accordance with the relevant documents.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, the System had the following investments with the respective effective durations. (Fair value in thousands and effective durations in years.)

	20	09	20	08
	Fair	Effective	Fair	Effective
	Value	Duration	Value	Duration
Cash and SEC registered money market funds	\$ 44,133	N/A	\$ 10,656	N/A
US Treasuries	107,608	0.41	137,728	0.61
US Agencies	330,976	0.83	327,540	1.14
US Agency mortgage bonds	79,515	0.18	20,570	0.04
Repurchase agreements	_	N/A	23,916	N/A
Commercial paper	_	N/A	16,469	N/A
Corporate debt	171,969	0.46	119,406	0.30
Municipal securities	56,439	0.17	46,358	0.19
	\$ 790,640	2.05	\$ 702,643	2.28

Credit Risk

The System has adopted an investment policy that authorizes the following instruments for investment by the System: (1) the trust fund known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund as created by Florida Statutes; (2) bankers' acceptances; (3) commercial paper of prime quality rated by at least two nationally recognized debt rating agencies in the highest letter and numerical ratings of each agency or secured by a letter of credit provided by a commercial bank that carries a credit rating in one of the two highest ratings; (4) interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts at institutions that are Qualified Public Depositories; (5) negotiable direct obligations of, or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States Government; (6) obligations of Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities; (7) interest-bearing notes, bonds, debentures, and other such evidence of indebtedness with a fixed maturity of any domestic listed corporation within the United States that when purchased carry ratings in one of the two highest classifications of at least two nationally recognized debt rating agencies or be secured by a letter of credit provided by a commercial bank that carries a credit rating in one of the two highest ratings; (8) repurchase

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

agreements and reverse repurchase agreements may be entered into with a member bank of the Federal Reserve System or a primary dealer in United States Government Securities provided such repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements are fully collateralized by the types of securities disclosed in sections (5) and (6) above; (9) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; and (10) municipal bond investments that carry ratings in one of the top two classifications of at least two nationally recognized rating agencies or such debt may be secured by bond insurance or a letter or credit by a commercial bank in one of the top two classifications.

The System's bond indentures stipulate permitted "Eligible Investments" for related bond funds. To the extent permitted by law, the System must invest bond funds in (1) U.S. Treasury obligations; (2) certain direct or guaranteed obligations of Federal Agencies; (3) certificates of deposit; (4) registered money market funds rated in the two highest rating categories by Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Moody's Investors Service (Moody's); (5) commercial paper rated Prime-1 by Moody's and A-1 or better by S&P; municipal securities rated in the two highest rating categories by S&P and Moody's; (6) repurchase agreements; (7) investment agreements, including GICs acceptable to any credit facility provider; and (8) Federal funds and bankers' acceptances from banks rated Prime-1 or A3 by Moody's and A-1 or A by S&P.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, the System's investment securities have the following credit ratings as shown below (in thousands):

	200	19	2008		
	Fair	Credit	Fair	Credit	
	Value	Rating*	Value	Rating*	
Cash and SEC registered money market funds	\$ 44,133	AAA	\$ 10,656	AAA	
US Treasuries	107,608	TSY	137,728	TSY	
US Agency discount notes	35,539	A-1 +	_	_	
US Agencies	295,437	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	326,571	AAA	
US Agencies	_	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	969	AA	
US Agency mortgage bonds	79,515	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	20,570	AAA	
Repurchase agreements	_	N/A	23,916	A-1+	
Commercial paper	_	N/A	8,984	A-1+	
Commercial paper	_	N/A	7,485	A-1	
Corporate debt	99,623	AAA	44,813	AA	
Corporate debt	12,897	AA+	7,762	AA+	
Corporate debt	22,336	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	26,321	AA	
Corporate debt	14,810	AA-	35,682	AA-	
Corporate debt	9,082	\mathbf{A} +	3,710	A+	
Corporate debt	11,803	\mathbf{A}	504	A	
Corporate debt	462	A-	_	A-	
Corporate debt	501	BBB+	491	BBB+	
Corporate debt	115	BBB	123	BBB	
Corporate debt	340	BB+	_	BB+	
Municipal securities	20,593	AAA	25,683	AAA	
Municipal securities	4,523	AA+	3,049	AA+	
Municipal securities	15,214	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	11,076	AA	
Municipal securities	12,225	AA-	3,885	AA-	
Municipal securities	815	\mathbf{A} +	1,644	A+	
Municipal securities	2,563	\mathbf{A}	_	A	
Municipal securities	_	A-	1,021	A-	
Municipal securities	506	BBB+		_	
	\$ 790,640		\$ 702,643		

^{*}Standard & Poor's ratings or comparable

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The System's investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limitations on the following investments, which are designated to reduce concentration of credit risk of the System's investments.

<u>Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund</u>. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio.

<u>Bankers' acceptances</u>. A maximum of 20% of the investment portfolio. Further limitations include original maturity of 210 days or less and no more than 5% in a single issuer.

<u>Commercial paper</u>. Maximum of 30% of the portfolio. Further limitations include maximum maturity of 270 days from date of purchase and no more than 5% in a single issuer.

<u>Interest-bearing time deposits</u>. A maximum of 30% of the portfolio further subject to total the lesser of 15% of the financial institution's capital or net worth or \$20 million and maximum maturity of one (1) year.

<u>Government securities</u>. A maximum of 100% of the portfolio and minimum of 50% will be invested in government securities that include direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government, bonds, notes, debentures and callable debt instruments issued or guaranteed by U.S. Agencies. Further limitations include a 25% maximum limitation on adjustable interest rate and collateralized mortgage obligations and a 30-year maximum term.

<u>Corporate debt.</u> A maximum of 30% of the portfolio. Further limitations include no more than 10% in AAA-rated asset-backed securities, single industry concentration of 10%, no more than 5% to a single issuer and maximum maturity of ten years. The maximum amount of corporate investments (total of commercial paper and corporate debt) will not exceed 50% of the investment portfolio.

<u>Repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements</u>. Maximum term six months and subject to Public Securities Association (PSA) documentation requirements.

SEC registered money market funds. A maximum of 50% of the portfolio.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

<u>Municipal securities</u>. A maximum of 30% of the portfolio. Further limitations include no more than 5% in any one issuer and a maximum maturity of 10 years.

The System's bond indentures stipulate permitted "Eligible Investments" for related bond funds. Asset allocation and issuer limitations are not stipulated in the related bond documents.

The following table shows the composition of the System's investments at April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively (in thousands):

	20	009	2008		
	Fair	Percentage	Fair	Percentage	
	Value	of Portfolio	Value	of Portfolio	
Cash and SEC registered money market funds	\$ 44,133	6%	\$ 10,656	1%	
US Treasuries	107,608	13	137,728	20	
US Agencies	330,976	42	327,540	47	
US Agency mortgage bonds	79,515	10	20,570	3	
Repurchase agreements	_	N/A	23,916	3	
Commercial paper	_	N/A	16,469	2	
Corporate debt	171,969	22	119,406	17	
Municipal securities	56,439	7	46,358	7	
	\$790,640	100%	\$ 702,643	100%	

At April 30, 2009, investments in any one issuer representing 5% or more of the System's total investments are as follows: \$194,614 (24.6%) invested in issues of the Federal National Mortgage Association; \$106,822 (13.5%) invested in issues of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; \$59.425 (7.5%) invested in issues of the Federal Home Loan Bank; and \$39,499 (5.0%) invested in the Federated Government Obligations Money Market Fund. The System's investment policy does not have an issuer limitation for U.S. Treasury securities.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments – Enterprise Fund (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Pursuant to Florida Statute 218.415, securities, with the exception of certificates of deposit, are held with a third-party custodian; and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the System is properly designated as an asset of the System. The securities are held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. At April 30, 2009 and 2008, the System's investment securities were held by U.S. Bank, a third-party custodian as required by the System's investment policy.

The System's bond indentures stipulate that all bond and trustee held funds be maintained in separate accounts with a bond trustee. U.S. Bank is the trustee for all the System's outstanding bonds and revenue certificate indebtedness. All bond and trustee held investments are held in accounts separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution.

5. Capital Assets

A summary of the activity in the capital assets and the related accumulated depreciation accounts for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows (in thousands):

		alance at								alance at
	Ma	ay 1, 2008	A	dditions	Tra	ansfers	De	eletions	Apı	ril 30, 2009
Land improvements	\$	14,293	\$	18	\$	900	\$	_	\$	15,211
Buildings and improvements		746,458		4,486	1	9,935		_		770,879
Equipment		343,912		23,959	1	4,112	(13,379)		368,604
Depreciable assets	1	,104,663		28,463	3	34,947	(13,379)	1	1,154,694
Accumulated depreciation		(502,101)	((76,184)		_		12,410		(565,875)
Net depreciable assets		602,562		(47,721)	3	34,947		(969)		588,819
Land		28,619		4,464		_		_		33,083
Construction in progress		41,397		94,633	(3	34,947)		_		101,083
Capital assets, net	\$	672,578	\$	51,376	\$		\$	(969)	\$	722,985

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance at May 1, 2007	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	Balance at April 30, 2008
Land improvements	\$ 14,285	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ 14,293
Buildings and improvements	666,781	3,288	76,389	_	746,458
Equipment	303,414	30,271	18,452	(8,225)	343,912
Depreciable assets	984,480	33,559	94,849	(8,225)	1,104,663
Accumulated depreciation	(440,669)	(68,589)	_	7,157	(502,101)
Net depreciable assets	543,811	(35,030)	94,849	(1,068)	602,562
Land	25,101	3,518	_	_	28,619
Construction in progress	59,402	76,880	(94,849)	(36)	41,397
Capital assets, net	\$ 628,314	\$ 45,368	\$ -	\$ (1,104)	\$ 672,578

The System is currently engaged in expansion programs at its facilities. The estimated cost to complete all construction programs in process at April 30, 2009 is \$50,702,000.

6. Self-Insurance

The System is exposed to various risks of loss related to professional liability, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and certain employee health plan costs, and natural disasters. The System believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement. Commercial insurance is carried on property, directors and officers, accidents, and vehicles. The System's commercial property insurance program excludes windstorm coverage.

The System, as a subdivision of the State of Florida, has sovereign immunity in tort actions. Therefore, in accordance with Chapter 768.28 of the Florida Statutes, for claims with occurrence dates subsequent to September 30, 1981, the System is not liable to pay a claim or judgment by any one person which exceeds the sum of \$100,000 or any claim or judgments, or portions thereof, which when totaled with all other claims or judgments paid by the State or its agencies or subdivisions arising out of the same incident or occurrence exceeds the sum of \$200,000.

Chapter 768.28 also provides that judgments may be claimed or rendered in excess of these limits; however, these amounts must be reported to, and approved by, the Florida Legislature. The System's management estimates and accrues for the cost of unreported claims based on historical data and actuarial projections. Accrued claims have been discounted based on an

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Self-Insurance (continued)

interest rate of 4.0% for 2009 and 5.0% for 2008. The System has established a trust fund for the purpose of setting aside assets to fund future self-insurance losses. The trust assets can only be used for payment of losses and administrative expenses. Earnings on investments in the self-insurance trust are reported as nonoperating gains in the Statements of Revenue and Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – System and are retained as part of the fund. A rollforward of the System's claims liability for self-insurance claims is as follows (in thousands):

Year Ended April 30	Liability at Beginning of Fiscal Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Liability at End of Fiscal Year	Estimated Amount Due Within One Year
2008	63,789	46,095	(44,403)	65,481	6,835
2009	65,481	44,213	(47,604)	62,090	7,744

7. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt as of April 30 (in thousands):

	 2009	2008
Bank Loan Agreement	\$ _	\$ 152,625
Unamortized loss on defeasance, net		(4,829)
Series 2008 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds – \$156,575 authorized and issued: Serial Bonds, interest rates of 4.00% to 5.25% maturing amounts ranging from \$1,400 to \$4,000 through	_	147,796
May 1, 2017	13,660	_
5.25% Term Bond due May 1, 2022	8,180	_
5.00% Term Bond due May 1, 2028	30,270	_
5.00% Term Bond due May 1, 2036	102,885	_
	 154,995	_
Unamortized loss on defeasance, net	(4,924)	_
Unamortized discount, net	(2,387)	_
	147,684	_

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

		2009	2008
Series 2007 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds – \$112,744			
authorized and issued: Serial Bonds, interest rate of 4.75%			
maturing amounts ranging from \$4,695 to \$6,595 through			
May 1, 2024		16,200	16,200
4.75% Term Bond due May 1, 2028		34,214	34,214
4.75% Term Bond due May 1, 2032		62,330	62,330
		112,744	112,744
Unamortized loss on defeasance, net		(6,595)	(6,884)
Unamortized premium, net		2,991	3,122
	'	109,140	108,982
Series 2006 Hospital Revenue and Refunding Revenue Bonds –			
\$120,000 authorized and issued: Serial Bonds, interest rates of			
4.00% to 5.00% maturing amounts ranging from \$930 to \$8,735			
through May 1, 2023.	\$	50,150	\$ 50,150
4.375% Term Bond due May 1, 2025		7,440	7,440
4.50% Term Bond due May 1, 2030		20,865	20,865
5.00% Term Bond due May 1, 2035		27,595	27,595
4.50% Term Bond due May 1, 2037		13,950	13,950
		120,000	120,000
Unamortized loss on defeasance, net		(4,122)	(4,493)
Unamortized premium, net		2,356	2,440
•		118,234	117,947
Series 2003 A Refunding Revenue Bonds – \$39,945 and Series			•
2003 B Revenue Bonds – \$5,065 authorized and issued: Serial			
Bonds, interest rates of 2.75% to 5.25% maturing in amounts			
ranging from \$380 to \$4,155, through May 1, 2015		19,630	23,512
Unamortized premium, net		835	980
Unamortized loss on defeasance, net		(765)	(824)
		19,700	23,668

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

		2009	2008
Series 2001 Revenue Certificate – \$10,000 authorized and issued: Payable in annual installments of \$400 commencing May 1, 2002, through and including May 1, 2011, and a balloon payment of \$6,400 due on November 1, 2011. Interest is payable semiannually based on the following formula [(one month LIBOR + 0.55%)/ 1.5037]. The LIBOR Rate at April 30, 2009 was 0.460%.		6,800	7,200
Series 2000 Revenue Certificate – \$10,000 authorized and issued: Payable in annual installments ranging from approximately \$206 to \$400 commencing May 1, 2002, through and including May 1, 2015, and a balloon payment of approximately \$6,300 due on November 1, 2015. The interest rate is fixed at 5.155%.		8,115	8,394
Series 1998 Revenue Certificate – \$10,000 authorized and issued: Payable in annual installments of \$400 through and including May 1, 2017, and a balloon payment of \$2,400 due May 1,		5 400	6,000
2018. The interest rate is fixed at 4.374%.		5,600	6,000
I are assument montion		415,273	419,987
Less current portion		(6,748)	 (4,959)
	\$_	408,525	\$ 415,028

During 2009 and 2008, interest cost of \$3,036,000 and \$3,426,000, respectively, was capitalized. During 2009 and 2008, interest earned on invested Revenue Certificates and bond proceeds was \$31,000 and \$204,100, respectively, and is netted against capitalized interest. Net capitalized interest is included in capital assets.

The Revenue Bonds are secured by gross revenues and certain pledge funds and have been issued as Parity Debt under the Trust Indenture.

On September 12, 2003, the System executed and delivered the Master Trust Indenture dated as of September 1, 2003 (Master Indenture). Upon execution and delivery of the Master Indenture, the Second Supplemental Indenture, the Third Supplemental Indenture, the Fourth Supplemental Indenture and the Fifth Supplemental Indenture, respectively, and together with certain amended and unamended portions of the Trust Indenture became what is referred to in the Master

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Indenture as the Bond Indentures for the respective series of revenue bonds which were issued thereunder. After the execution and delivery of the Master Indenture, the System, pursuant to the Master Indenture issued Obligations to the Trustee under the Trust Indenture, as Bond Trustee for each of the series of revenue bonds issued thereunder and to each of the Revenue Certificate Holders to evidence their security under the Master Indenture. The Master Indenture provides that the System becomes part of an obligated group. Currently, the System is the only member of the obligated group. The Obligations issued under the Master Indenture are payable solely from and are secured by a pledge of and a lien on the Gross Revenues of the obligated group (currently the System) and any future member of the obligated group and certain Accounts created under the Master Indenture, provided, however, the lien and pledge of the Accounts under the Master Indenture does not extend to Obligations issued for the benefit of the Revenue Certificate Holders.

The Series 2003A and Series 2003C Refunding Revenue Bonds (described below) were issued to provide funds, to currently refund the Series 1993 Refunding and Revenue Bonds, and the Series 2003B Revenue Bonds were issued, to provide funds, together with other available funds, to pay the costs of acquisition, construction and equipping of certain improvements to the hospital facilities, including the reimbursement of certain funds advanced by the System. The computations performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 for the current refunding of the 1993 Refunding and Revenue Bonds resulted in a loss on defeasance of \$1,559,000 and is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt. At April 30, 2009, the unamortized value of the deferred amount is \$765,000. The deferred amount is being charged to operations through the year 2015 using an effective interest amortization method. The Series 2003A Refunding Revenue Bonds and the Series 2003B Revenue Bonds maturing after May 1, 2013 are callable at par and in such proportion within maturities as may be directed by the System.

The Series 2003C Refunding Revenue Bonds were issued as Auction Rate Certificates. On March 1, 2008, the System entered into a Bank Loan Agreement with the Bank of America and executed a promissory note on March 24, 2008 to evidence debt incurred for the purpose of refunding its 2003C Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A and Series 2004B Revenue Bonds. As discussed below, the System issued its 2008 Refunding Revenue Bonds on May 27, 2008 to pay in full all principal and accrued interest under the Bank Loan Agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The Series 2004 Hospital Revenue Bonds were issued in two series, Series 2004A and Series 2004B, in equal \$60 million series. The Series 2004 Bonds were issued to (1) acquire, construct and equip Memorial Hospital Miramar and certain other improvements for the System and its existing hospital facilities, including reimbursement to the System for moneys advanced from its internal funds for a portion of such costs, (2) refund all of the 1997 and 1999 Revenue Certificates and (3) to pay certain costs of issuance. The Series 2004 Bonds were refunded with the issuance of the bank loan in March, 2008.

The Series 2006 Hospital and Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued in the amount of \$120 million. The Series 2006 Bonds were issued to (1) reimburse the System for prior capital expenditures for the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain facilities and routine equipment purchased by the System; (2) to currently refund all the Series 1996 Revenue Refunding Bonds; and (3) to pay certain costs of issuance. The Series 2006 Bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds and are callable after May 2, 2016 at par, without premium.

The System completed the current refunding of its Series 1996 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds as a part of the Series 2006 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments and to extend the maturity of the debt. On a matched-maturity basis, the cash flow savings not including the funds held in related bond debt service accounts was approximately \$7,056,000. The economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments taken together with the return of certain bond fund monies) of the current refunding on a matched-maturity basis was approximately \$2,652,000.

The computations performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 for the current refunding of the Series 1996 Revenue Refunding Bonds resulted in a loss on defeasance of approximately \$5,246,000 and is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt. At April 30, 2009, the unamortized value of the deferred amount is approximately \$4,122,000. The deferred amount is being charged to operations through the year 2021 using an effective interest amortization method.

The Series 2007 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds were issued in the amount of \$112.7 million. The Series 2007 Bonds were issued to (1) advance refund all the outstanding Series 2002 Revenue Bonds; (2) to pay an Issuer settlement amount to the provider of a rate lock agreement dated February 8, 2007; and (3) to pay certain costs of issuance. The Series 2007 bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds and are callable after May 1, 2017 at par, without premium.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The System completed the advance refunding of its Series 2002 Revenue Bonds in conjunction with a rate lock agreement dated February 8, 2007 to reduce future debt service. On a match-maturity basis, the cash flow savings not including the funds held in related bond debt service accounts was approximately \$8,113,000. The advance refunding reduced the annual gross debt service of the System by approximately an average of \$1,520,000 over the life of the Series 2007 bonds. The net proceeds of the Series 2007 Bonds of approximately \$113.1 million plus other available funds of approximately \$15.8 million were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series 2002 Revenue Bonds through May 1, 2012 at which time the remaining Series 2002 Revenue Bonds will be called for redemption at a redemption price of 101% of the principal amount. As a result, the \$120 million in remaining Series 2002 Revenue Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the April 30, 2009 and 2008 Balance Sheets.

The computations performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 for the advance refunding of the Series 2002 Hospital Revenue Bonds resulted in a loss on defeasance of approximately \$7,197,000 and is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt. At April 30, 2009, the unamortized value of the deferred amount is approximately \$6,595,000. The deferred amount is being charged to operations through the year 2032 using an effective interest amortization method.

On March 1, 2008, the System entered into a loan agreement with Bank of America, National Association and executed a promissory note as of March 24, 2008 to evidence debt incurred under the Bank of America Loan Agreement which debt was incurred for the purpose of refunding its (i) Series 2003C, Refunding Revenue Bonds, (ii) Series 2004A, Hospital Revenue Bonds, and (iii) Series 2004B, Hospital Revenue Bonds. These prior bonds were issued as auction rate certificates all of which experienced failed auctions during the 2008 fiscal year. The intent of the loan agreement was to temporarily refund the bonds until more permanent financing could be completed. The computations performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23 for the current refunding of the (i) Series 2003C Bonds, (ii) Series 2004A Bonds, and (iii) Series 2004B Bonds resulted in a loss on defeasance of \$4,829,000 and is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

On May 27, 2008, the Series 2008 Hospital Refunding Revenue Bonds (Series 2008 Banks) were issued in the amount of \$156,575,000 to (1) pay prior to maturity the principal of and accrued interest on the Bank of America Loan Agreement, and (2) pay certain costs of issuance. The Series 2008 bonds were issued as fixed rate bonds and are callable after May 1, 2018 at par, without premium.

The fair value of the System's long-term debt, based primarily on quoted market prices, was \$399,039,000 and \$422,049,000 at April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Maturities of long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are (in thousands):

		Principal Payments		Estimated Interest Payments		stimated otal Debt Service
Years ending April 30:						
2010	\$	6,748	\$	20,504	\$	27,252
2011		7,007		20,193		27,200
2012		7,285		19,868		27,153
2013		7,585		19,519		27,104
2014		7,879		19,153		27,033
2015-2019	4	5,615		90,526		136,141
2020-2024	5	4,400		78,788		133,188
2025-2029	9	8,290		61,800		160,090
2030-2034	12	6,085		35,664		161,749
2035-2037	6	6,990		5,422		72,412
	\$ 42	7,884	\$	371,437	\$	799,322

For purposes of determining estimated future interest payments for the System's variable interest rate debt, estimated future interest payments were calculated using the rates in effect at April 30, 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Activity related to long-term debt is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended April 30				
		2009		2008	
Balance at beginning of year	\$	419,987	\$	429,148	
Issuance of long-term debt, net of premium or discount		154,099		147,796	
Principal payments on long-term debt		(159,164)		(157,445)	
Amortization of premiums, discounts, and loss on					
defeasance, net		351		488	
Balance at end of year	\$	415,273	\$	419,987	

8. Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations payable at April 30, 2009 amounted to \$7,106,000. These obligations, which are collateralized by equipment, have annual installments ranging from \$152,000 to \$1,614,000 including interest at 3.73% and mature through 2014.

Future minimum capital lease payments due under these obligations as of April 30, 2009 are as follows (in thousands):

Years ending April 30:	 Total
2010	\$ 1,766
2011	1,766
2012	1,766
2013	1,715
2014	 700
Total minimum lease payments	7,713
Less amount representing interest	(607)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 7,106

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

8. Capital Lease Obligations (continued)

The equipment acquired under the capital leases has an aggregate cost of \$7,939,000 and accumulated amortization of \$751,000 at April 30, 2009. Amortization expense is included with depreciation expense in the accompanying financial statements.

9. Pension Plan

The System administers a single employer, noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time regular employees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees are eligible for the Plan after completing one year of service and the attainment of age 21. Benefits are 100% vested after five years of service. Normal retirement age under the Plan is the earlier of age 65 with five years of service, age 62 with 20 years of service, or age 55 with 30 years of service. The annual retirement benefit amount is based upon years of service and the participants' average earnings during the highest consecutive five-year period in the ten years preceding retirement or termination. The Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan. Contributions by the System are actuarially determined amounts, which, together with investment earnings, are sufficient to fund the Plan. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the System's contributions to the Plan are subject to review by the State of Florida Division of Retirement and the System is required under Part VII of Chapter 112 of the Florida Statutes to fund the Plan in accordance with these actuarial assumptions. There are no employee contributions. Beginning with the Plan year ended April 30, 1996, liabilities and contributions are computed to take into account a complex funding arrangement in accordance with an agreement between the System and the State of Florida. The agreement includes contributions for employees not yet participating in the Plan under a phase-in approach. Data shown in this disclosure is for actual Plan participants except for the contribution amount, which includes the appropriate phase-in amount under the agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

Listed below is information regarding payroll and participant data used in the calculation of current year actuarial information:

Participant data as of May 1, 2008:	
Active	6,458
Retired	920
Terminated vested	1,867
Total	9,245

The Plan funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increase gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial funding method with proration based on service. The actuary uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a weighted average of 17 years for changes in benefits or actuarial assumptions and five-year smoothing for actuarial gains and losses. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the annual required contribution include an 7.5% rate of return on investments and an age related salary increase scale (from 7.25% below age 35 to 5.25% for age 55 and older). The rate of return on investments and the projected salary increase rate include projected inflation of 4%.

The annual required contributions to the Plan for 2008/2009 were made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements computed through an actuarial valuation performed as of May 1, 2008. The System's annual pension cost for the years ended April 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 was approximately \$23,615,000, \$18,914,000 and \$17,095,000, respectively. The System's contributions to the Plan during the years ended April 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were equal to or in excess of 100% of annual pension cost for all three years. As of April 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, the System's net pension obligation was zero.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Plan had the following investments with the respective effective durations. Fair values are determined primarily using quoted market prices or absent such, by other customary pricing methods by the custodian. (Fair value in thousands and effective durations in years.)

	200	09	2008				
Investments	Fair Value	Effective Duration	Fair Value	Effective Duration			
Domestic investments:							
Equities	\$ 61,577	N/A	\$ 91,085	N/A			
US Government and agency obligations	42,991	1.14	34,445	1.30			
Corporate debt	40,238	2.40	37,997	2.50			
Municipal bonds	271	0.02	186	0.02			
SEC Registered Money Market Funds	1,537	N/A	2,045	N/A			
Preferred securities	1,270	N/A	_	_			
International Investments:							
JP Morgan EAFE Plus Fund	30,972	N/A	51,994	N/A			
Other:							
Cash	12,377	N/A	1,321	N/A			
Due from brokers	2,094	N/A	_	N/A			
	193,327		219,073				
Liabilities							
Due to brokers	(12,628)	N/A		N/A			
	\$ 180,699		\$ 219,073	•			

Credit Risk

The Plan has adopted an investment policy that authorizes the following instruments for investment: (1) *Domestic Large Cap Equity*: U.S. large capitalization securities are defined as securities of companies which have greater than \$4.0 billion in market capitalization. The following list of investments may be purchased in the large capitalization domestic equity

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

portfolio: common and preferred stock; securities convertible into common stock, including offerings under Securities Act Rule 144, limited to 10% of the portfolio at market value; warrants; American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) listed on a major U.S. exchange, limited to 5% of the portfolio at market value; no-load mutual funds; bank, trust, or insurance company pooled funds; and cash or cash equivalents. (2) Domestic Small Cap Equity: U.S. small capitalization securities are defined as securities of companies which have less than \$4.0 billion in market capitalization. The following list of investments may be purchased in the small capitalization domestic equity portfolio: common and preferred stock; securities convertible into common stock, including offerings under Securities Act Rule 144, limited to 10% of the portfolio at market value; warrants; ADRs listed on a major U.S. exchange, limited to 5% of the portfolio at market value; no-load mutual funds, bank, trust, or insurance company pooled funds; and cash or cash equivalents. (3) International Equity: The following list of investments may be purchased in an international equity portfolio: common and preferred stock; securities convertible into common stock, including offerings under Securities Act Rule 144, limited to 10% of the portfolio at market value; warrants; ADRs listed on a major U.S. exchange; forward contracts for foreign currency to be used in defensive hedging only (any speculative or opportunistic country exposure to currencies is strictly prohibited); World Equity Benchmarks (WEBs); U.S. companies with significant exposure to international markets (i.e., over 50% of their sales overseas), limited to 5% of the portfolio at market value; no-load mutual funds; bank, trust, or insurance company pooled funds; and cash or cash equivalents, limited to 10% of the portfolio at market value. (4) Fixed *Income*: The following list of investments may be purchased in the core fixed–income portfolio: U.S. Treasury obligations, Treasury Inflation Protected Bonds, Government Agencies and Government Sponsored Agency debentures and mortgage pass-throughs; mortgage-backed To-Be-Announced (TBAs) notes; collateralized mortgage obligations are limited to 25% of the portfolio; non-agency issued mortgages originated in Florida – Statute 215.47(2)(b)(c)(d); commercial mortgage-backed securities; corporate bonds and other corporate obligations including equipment trust certificates; asset-backed securities; indexed notes, floaters and other variable rate obligations; pooled accounts or other collective investment funds; certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper rated at least A-1 by S&P or P-1 by Moody's; mutual funds; municipal bonds; complex tranches of collateralized mortgage obligations, asset-backed securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities (including interest only, principal only, super floaters, inverse floaters and support bonds), limited to 10% of the portfolio at market value. Investments not listed above may be purchased only if the investment manager receives written approval from the System's Finance Committee.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Plan's investment securities have the following credit ratings as shown below (in thousands):

	20	09	2008			
	 Fair	Credit	Fair	Credit		
	 Value	Rating*	Value	Rating*		
Investments						
Domestic investments:						
Equities	\$ 61,577	Not Rated	\$ 91,085	Not Rated		
US Treasuries	13,226	TSY	14,238	TSY		
US Agency Discount Notes	11,998	A-1 +	_	A-1+		
US Agencies	1,201	AAA	13,635	AAA		
US Agencies	_	AA-	83	AA-		
US Agencies	396	${f A}$	_	A		
US Agency mortgage bonds	16,170	AAA	6,489	AAA		
Corporate debt	11,646	AAA	19,212	AAA		
Corporate debt	490	AA+	517	AA+		
Corporate debt	954	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	591	AA		
Corporate debt	502	AA-	1,623	AA-		
Corporate debt	1,821	\mathbf{A} +	2,640	A+		
Corporate debt	8,806	\mathbf{A}	3,902	A		
Corporate debt	2,406	A-	1,310	A-		
Corporate debt	5,122	BBB+	1,690	BBB+		
Corporate debt	5,231	BBB	3,679	BBB		
Corporate debt	1,934	BBB-	2,172	BBB-		
Corporate debt	276	BB+	134	BB+		
Corporate debt	397	BB	159	BB		
Corporate debt	74	\mathbf{B} +	_	B+		
Corporate debt	76	В	_	В		
Corporate debt	119	В-	145	B-		
Corporate debt	_	CCC+	223	CCC+		
Corporate debt	384	CCC	_	CCC		
Municipal bonds	10	AAA	_	AAA		
Municipal bonds	134	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	_	AA		
Municipal bonds	_	\mathbf{A} +	50	A+		
Municipal bonds	46	\mathbf{A}	_	A		
Municipal bonds	81	BBB	_	BBB-		
Municipal bonds	_	BBB-	136	BBB-		
SEC Registered Money Market Funds	1,537	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$	2,045	AAA		

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

	200)9	2008			
	Fair	Credit	Fair	Credit		
	Value	Rating*	Value	Rating*		
Investments						
Domestic investments:						
Preferred securities	781	${f A}$	_	A		
Preferred securities	288	BBB+	_	BBB+		
Preferred securities	172	BB-	_	BB-		
Preferred securities	13	В-	_	B-		
Preferred securities	16	\mathbf{C}	_	C		
International investments:						
JP Morgan EAFE Plus Fund	30,972	Not Rated	51,994	Not Rated		
Other:						
Cash	12,377		1,321			
Due from brokers	2,094		_			
	193,327		219,073			
Liabilities						
Due to brokers	(12,628)		_			
	\$ 180,699		\$ 219,073			
*G 1 10 D 1						

^{*}Standard & Poor's ratings

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limitations on the following investments, which are designated to reduce concentration of credit risk of the Plan's investments.

Domestic equity investments in any individual company should not exceed 10% at cost and no more than 10% of a portfolio's market value. No more than 45% of the portfolio's market value may be invested in any one sector, as defined by S&P. Investments in any individual company on a "Total Plan" basis shall not exceed 3%. Holdings of any single issue in a portfolio should not exceed 5% of the market value of the total outstanding common stock of any one company. The permissible range of investment in U.S. large capitalization securities will typically be in companies with greater than \$4.0 billion in market capitalization. Within the small capitalization mandate, the permissible range of investment will typically be in companies with less than \$4.0 billion in market capitalization.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

International equity investments in any individual company should not exceed 5% at cost and no more than 8% of a portfolio's market value. No more than 45% of the portfolio's market value may be invested in any one sector, as defined by S&P. Holdings of any single issue in a portfolio should not exceed 5% of the market value of the total outstanding common stock of any one company. Within the small capitalization mandates, this guideline may be waived with prior notification and Finance Committee approval. The permissible capitalization range of investments in international securities will be established upon discussion with the Plan and the investment manager.

No more than 10% of the bond portfolio at market value shall be invested in the securities of any one issuer, with the exception of the U.S. Government. No more than 3% of the portfolio may be invested in one bond, with the exception being securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government. No more than 50% exposure to non-government guaranteed agency obligations at market value. Fixed—income securities should be rated BBB- (or its equivalent) or higher at time of purchase by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency. The minimum dollar-weighted average quality rating of the portfolio is "A." Asset backed securities, mortgage—backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations should be rated "AAA" (or its equivalent) at the time of purchase by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency. For split ratings, the higher rating will be used to determine compliance with these guidelines. If issues are downgraded to non-investment grade, the investment manager will determine the appropriate action based on the perceived risk and expected return of the position and will inform System Management and the investment consultant in writing of the action taken. The duration of the portfolio must be within +/- 10% of the indicated index. The maximum effective maturity of any single security should not exceed 40 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

The following table shows the composition of the Plan's investments at April 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands):

		200)9	2008			
	Fair		% of		Fair	% of	
Investments		Value	Portfolio		Value	Portfolio	
Domestic investments:							
Equities	\$	61,577	34%	\$	91,085	41%	
US Government and agency obligations		42,991	24		34,445	16	
Corporate debt		40,238	22		37,997	17	
Municipal bonds		271	_		186	_	
SEC Registered Money Market Funds		1,537	1		2,045	1	
Preferred securities		1,270	1		_	_	
International investments:							
JP Morgan EAFE Plus Fund		30,972	17		51,994	24	
Other:							
Cash		12,377	7		1,321	1	
Due from brokers		2,094	1		_	_	
		193,327			219,073		
Liabilities		•					
Due to brokers		(12,628)	(7)			_	
	\$	180,699	100%	\$	219,073	100%	

At April 30, 2009, there were no single investments representing 20% or more of the Plan's total investments.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

9. Pension Plan (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

GASB 40 requires disclosure of deposits and investments exposed to custodial credit risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of April 30, 2009, the Plan's investment portfolio was held by a single third-party custodian.

Foreign Currency Risk

GASB 40 requires disclosure of deposits or investments exposed to foreign currency risk which is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The JPMorgan EAFE Plus Fund is comprised of primarily equity securities in Europe, Australia, and Asia Far East (EAFE) countries. The fund's objective is to maintain neutral currency exposure in each currency's weighting in the Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) EAFE Index. The fund is priced daily in U.S. dollars.

10. Regulatory Matters

In May 1984, the Florida legislature enacted the Health Care Consumer Protection and Awareness Act (the Act). The Act empowered the State Health Care Board (HCB) to levy assessments on all hospitals in the state. In 1992, the Florida legislature transferred the authority to levy assessments to the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA). The amount of the assessment is 1.5% of adjusted inpatient operating revenue and 1.0% of adjusted outpatient operating revenue.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term. The System is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing at this time. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

11. Other Noncurrent Liabilities

Other noncurrent liabilities primarily consist of accrued disability expenses, AHCA and other assessments, and early retirement benefits.

Activity related to other noncurrent liabilities is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended April 30				
	2009	2008			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 58,940	\$ 54,042			
Disability expense	2,268	3,015			
AHCA assessments	15,437	10,312			
Amortization of early retirement benefits	(371)	(371)			
Humana deferred income	(917)	917			
Payments	(13,878)	(8,975)			
Balance at end of year	\$ 61,479	\$ 58,940			

12. Leases

Effective July 1, 1995, the System entered into a lease (the Lease) of Pembroke Pines Hospital from HCA Inc. and affiliates. During 2006, HCA Inc. sold the facility to Hospital Realty, LLC. The System operates the facility under the name of Memorial Hospital Pembroke. The Lease is for a period of ten years with two successive optional ten-year terms. Either party may elect not to renew the Lease at the end of the first and second ten-year term. During fiscal year 2005, the System exercised its option to renew the Lease for the first of the two successive optional ten-year terms. In May 2007, the System and Hospital Realty, LLC renegotiated the lease and extended the lease term through June 30, 2025.

The Lease, as renegotiated, called for base rent of \$4,300,000 annually through June 30, 2008. Thereafter, the base rent increased by the prior year's base rent multiplied by 101.5%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

12. Leases (continued)

The System has noncancelable operating lease commitments including the Memorial Hospital Pembroke lease, office space, medical equipment, data processing equipment, and system support services, the expense for which was \$19,204,897 and \$19,793,000 for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. At April 30, 2008, future minimum lease payments by year under the noncancelable operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

Years ending April 30:	
2010	\$ 17,697
2011	10,784
2012	9,512
2013	6,904
2014	6,027
2015-2019	26,732
2020-2024	26,820
2025-2026	900

During 2009, the System entered into an agreement with Bank of America for an equipment operating lease facility in the maximum amount of \$8,500,000. Upon delivery of the equipment, which is expected in fiscal year 2010, the lease facility calls for the amounts advanced for each piece of equipment to be converted into an operating lease at the then prevailing lease rates for five year lease terms. Advances for equipment ordered but not yet delivered as of April 30, 2009 totaled approximately \$3,620,000 with a total commitment of approximately \$8,435,000. Estimated annual lease payments will range from \$759,000 to \$832,000.

13. Nonoperating Gains, Net

Nonoperating gains and losses consist of activities, which are peripheral, incidental or not considered to be central to the provision of health care services as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended April 30					
	2009	2008				
Ad-valorem tax revenue, net Investment income and other, net	\$ 42,874 47,661	\$ 44,980 50,571				
	\$ 90,535	\$ 95,551				

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

13. Nonoperating Gains, Net (continued)

Ad-valorem tax revenue is unrestricted as to use and is recorded on an accrual basis in the year that taxes are levied.

14. Net Assets

A summary of the activity in the net asset accounts for the years ended April 30, 2009 and 2008 is as follows (in thousands):

	A I R	rested in Capital Assets, Net of Celated Debt	for 1	ricted Debt vice	tricted Donors	Uno Ins	stricted der Self- surance Frust reements	Uni	restricted	Т	otal Net Assets
Balance at May 1, 2008 Excess of revenue and net	\$	242,103	\$	17	\$ 7,769	\$	46,319	\$	592,245	\$	888,453
nonoperating gains over expenses		_		_	_		_		120,797		120,797
Net increase in capital assets, net		50,407		_	_		_		_	_	,
Issuance of long-term debt		(163,679)		_	_		_		_	_	
Principal payments on long-term debt		159,164		_	_		_		_	_	
Net transfers to and from											
unrestricted		45,892		2			3,047		(48,941)		
Contributions and grants		_		_	677		-		1,077		1,754
Balance at April 30, 2009	\$	287,995	\$	19	\$ 8,446	\$	49,366	\$	665,178	\$	1,011,004

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

		ivested in Capital Assets.	D o	stricted		Un	estricted ider Self- isurance				
	Net	t of Related Debt	fo	r Debt ervice	 estricted Donors		Trust reements	Un	restricted	,	Fotal Net Assets
Balance at May 1, 2007	\$	193,020	\$	1,686	\$ 6,954	\$	43,395	\$	551,476	\$	796,531
Excess of revenue and net nonoperating gains over expenses		_		_	_		_		90,564		90,564
Net increase in capital assets, net		44,263		_	_		_		_		_
Issuance of long-term debt Principal payments on long-term		(152,625)		_	_		_		_		_
debt Net transfers to and from		157,445		_	_		_		_		_
unrestricted		49,083		(1,669)	- 015		2,924		(50,338)		1 250
Contributions and grants					815			-	543	_	1,358
Balance at April 30, 2008	\$	242,103	\$	17	\$ 7,769	\$	46,319	\$	592,245	\$	888,453

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited) (In Thousands)

Year Ended April 30	_	Actuarial Value of Assets	_	Actuarial Accrued iability*	Accr	Infunded Actuarial ued Liability ding Excess)	Funded Ratio		Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Funding Excess) as a Percent of Covered Payroll
								_		
2004	\$	139,554	\$	167,702	\$	28,148	83.2%	\$	200,075	14.1%
2005		155,085		183,097		28,012	84.7		218,950	12.8
2006		175,129		197,500		22,371	88.7		251,197	8.9
2007		203,113		225,047		21,934	90.3		296,396	7.4
2008		232,328		256,634		24,306	90.5		325,691	7.5
2009		216,838		312,744		95,906	69.3		360,160	26.6

^{*} The Actuarial Accrued Liability for each year ended April 30 is based on a beginning of the year (May 1) valuation projected forward to year-end (April 30).

Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited)

Year Ended April 30	Annual Required Contribution*	Percentage Contributed
2004	\$ 13,107,000	100%
2005	13,995,000	100
2006	14,191,000	100
2007	17,095,000	100
2008	18,914,000	100
2009	23,615,000	100

^{*} Annual Required Contribution consists of Normal Cost plus amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Funding Excess) and expenses as of the end of the year (i.e., interest is incorporated).

Notes to Pension Disclosure Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

The information presented in the schedules on pages 62 and 63 included as Pension Disclosure Required Supplementary Information was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date May 1, 2008

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period Various, ranging from one to 30 years

depending on items being amortized – the weighted-average period is 18 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothing of market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return* 7.5%

Projected salary increases* Age-based rates based on plan experience

Attained Age	Percentage Increase
Less than 35	7.25%
35-44	6.75%
45-54	6.25%
55 or older	5.25%

Growth in covered payroll for amortization 5.0%

Cost-of-living adjustments Not applicable

^{*}Includes inflation at 4%.